STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



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STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE OFFICAL ROSTER

BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND PRINCIPAL OFFICERS Board of Trustees

Appointed Members: Title:

Dr. Gilbert Sena

Dianna Medrano

Louise L. Portillos

Mark Dominguez

Kenneth Medina

Dr. Gilbert Sena

Vice Chairman

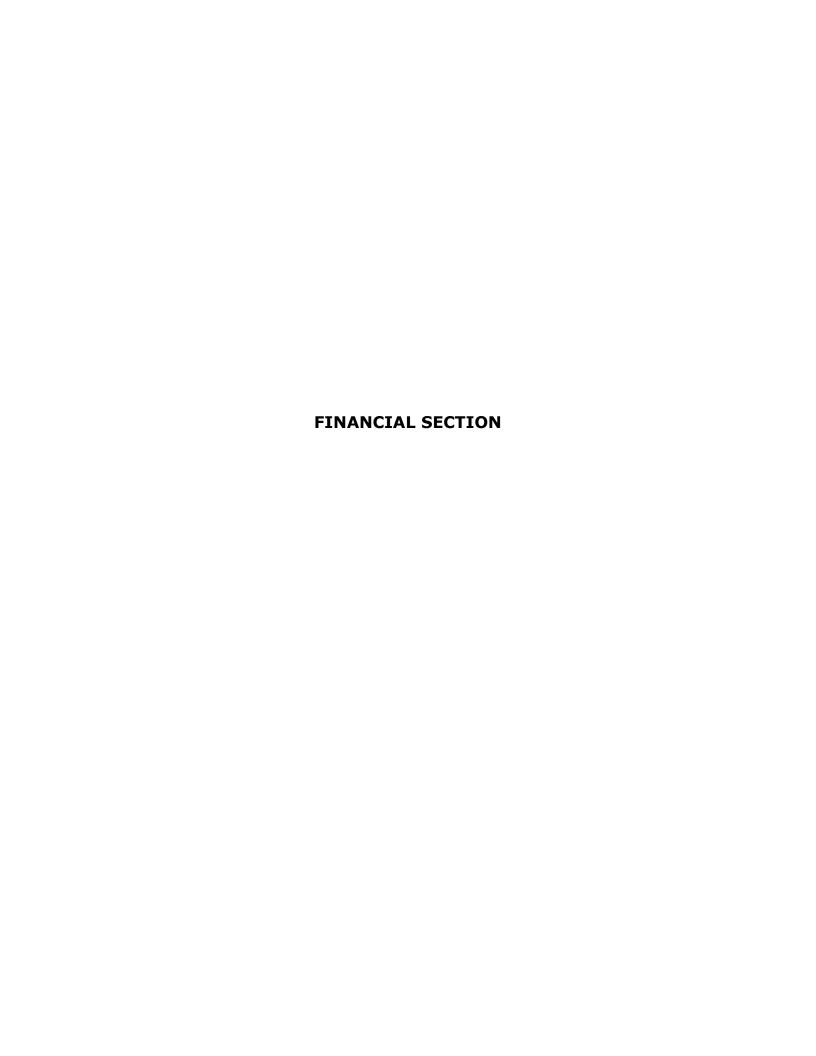
Board Secretary

Board Member

Principal Administrative Officials

Edward A. Martinez President

Dr William Taylor Vice President of Finance





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Independent Auditor's Report

To Joseph M. Maestas, P.E.. New Mexico State Auditor

To the Board of Trustees Luna Community College Las Vegas, New Mexico

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Luna Community College (College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the budgetary comparisons, presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, for the year ended June 30, 2023, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit and the aggregate remaining fund information of the College as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion the budgetary comparisons referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the budgetary comparisons for the year ended June 30, 2023, in conformity with the budgetary basis of accounting prescribed by the New Mexico Administrative Code, and more fully described in the budgetary schedules, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The College's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedules of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability, and Schedules of College Contributions on pages 45 - 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements and the budgetary comparisons. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the supplementary information required by 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and supplementary information required by 2.2.2 NMAC as noted in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and supplementary information required by 2.2.2 NMAC as noted in the table of contents, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 10, 2025, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LSP

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P. Albuquerque, New Mexico June 10, 2025

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		Primary Institution	LCC Foundation
ASSETS	_		
Current:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,968,917	373,877
Student accounts receivable, net		79,702	-
Property tax receivables		670,872	-
Grant receivables		1,324,505	-
Other receivables		33,974	-
Investments		-	624,948
Inventory	_	87,737	
Total current assets	_	14,165,707	998,825
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net accumulated depreciation	_	20,442,542	
Total noncurrent assets	_	20,442,542	
Total assets	_	34,608,249	998,825
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
Pension related		3,631,815	-
OPEB related	_	822,510	
Total deferred outflows	_	4,454,325	
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ _	39,062,574	998,825

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		Primary Institution	LCC Foundation
LIABILITIES	_		
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		200,520	-
Accrued liabilities		207,717	-
Cash Held in Custody of others		44,999	-
Unearned revenue		5,569,820	-
Current portion of compensated absences	_	45,001	
Total current liabilities	_	6,068,057	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long term portion of compensated absences		219,711	-
Net pension liability		12,890,272	-
Net OPEB liability	_	2,334,236	
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	15,444,219	
Total liabilities	_	21,512,276	
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Pension related		10,383,416	-
OBEP related	_	3,240,026	
Total deferred inflows	_	13,623,442	-
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		20,442,542	-
Restricted		-	998,825
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(16,515,686)	
Total net position	\$ _	3,926,856	998,825

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Primary Institution	LCC Foundation
Operating Revenues	_		
Student tuition and fees	\$	1,257,567	-
Federal grants and contracts		2,248,547	-
State grants and contracts		1,544,660	-
Private grants and contracts		195,263	-
Sales and services		354,627	-
Other operating revenues	_	1,051,863	45,860
Total operating revenues	_	6,652,527	45,860
Operating Expenses			
Instruction and general			
Instruction		3,524,348	-
Academic support		721,631	-
Student services		1,372,303	-
Institutional support		2,101,528	-
Operation and maintenance of plant		1,837,561	-
Public service		458,734	-
Student aid grants and stipends		1,810,444	62,619
Tuition discounts and allowances		305,487	-
Auxiliary enterprises		468,930	-
Agency funds		28,349	-
Athletics		336,281	-
Student activities		12,551	-
Renewals and replacement		84,673	-
Depreciation and amortization	_	1,202,089	
Total operating expenses	_	14,264,909	62,619
Operating loss		(7,612,382)	(16,759)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Primary Institution	LCC Foundation
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
State appropriations	9,071,594	-
Local tax levy	1,856,273	-
Investment Income, net of expenses	12,079	48,290
Gain on Sale of Asset		
Total non-operating revenues	10,939,946	48,290
(Decrease) increase in net position	3,327,564	31,531
Net position, beginning of year	599,292	967,294
Net positions, end of year \$	3,926,856	998,825

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Primary Institution	LCC Foundation
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	_		
Tuitions and fees	\$	1,272,314	-
Grants and contracts		3,606,014	-
Payments to suppliers, employees, and others		(9,611,491)	-
Payments for educational activities		(1,037,026)	-
Other Revenue	_	1,418,157	(16,759)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	(4,352,032)	(16,759)
Cash Flows From Non-capital Financing Activities			
Local tax levy revenues		1,856,273	-
State appropriations	_	9,071,594	
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	_	10,927,867	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Gain on Sale of Assets		-	-
Purchases of capital assets	_	(1,433,608)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(1,433,608)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Purchase of Investments		-	-
Sale of Investments		-	101,657
Investment income, net of expenses	_	12,079	48,290
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	12,079	149,947
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		5,154,306	133,188
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	6,814,611	240,689
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	11,968,917	373,877

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Primary Institution	LLC Foundation
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_		
Operating loss	\$	(7,612,382)	(16,759)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used in) operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization		1,202,089	-
Additional pension/OPEB expense/(income)		(2,413,496)	-
Change in assets and liabilities			
Receivables		(356,042)	-
Accounts payable and deferred liabilities		48,408	-
Cash held in custody of others		900	-
Compensated absences		1,293	-
Unearned revenue	_	4,777,198	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$_	(4,352,032)	(16,759)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Luna Vocational Technical Institute was established in 1967, in accordance with laws of the State of New Mexico to provide occupational training opportunities to residents of northeastern New Mexico. Over the years the Institute has grown into a comprehensive community college, and in December 2000, the Board of Directors approved to change its name to Luna Community College (the "College"). Luna Community College offers a variety of educational opportunities and services to meet needs in the lifelong process of personal and professional development. The College's goal of providing educational and training programs that prepare students for careers in technical and vocational fields include developing basic academic skills for successful post-secondary study; preparing individuals for employment, career updating, and job advancement; associates degrees and the first two years of study for those seeking transfer to a four-year college, and comprehensive student development services which provide student support and assistance. The College receives funding primarily from state appropriations with additional funding from federal and local sources, and must comply with the spending, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements of these entities. It is not a component unit of any other governmental entity.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the College is presented to assist in the understanding of the College's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the College's management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The financial statements of the College have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities.

Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, the College has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, GASB Statement No. 61, and GASB Statement No. 80. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the College's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the College's financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the College.

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens.

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the College has one component unit required to be reported under GASB Statements No. 14, No. 39, No. 61, and No. 80 as there is one discretely presented component unit, the Luna Community College Foundation, Inc. This component unit does not have separately issued financial statements and should be reported as a discretely presented component unit under GAAP.

Luna Community College Foundation, Inc. (Foundation). The Foundation was organized as a not-for-profit New Mexico corporation under 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation receives support from contributions and earnings on investments. The Foundation does not issue separate financial statements.

Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and reporting policies of the College reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally acceptable in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

As a public institution, the College is considered a special purpose government under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 35. The College records revenue in part from fees and other charges for services to external users and, accordingly, has chosen to present its financial statements using the reporting model for special-purpose governments engaged in business-type activities. This model allows all financial information for the College to be reported in a single column in each of the financial statements. The effect of internal activity between funds or groups has been eliminated from these financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. All significant intra-entity transactions have been eliminated.

Management's Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates. The more significant estimates included in the financial statements include allowances for uncollectible student accounts receivable, net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows, and the estimated useful lives and depreciation of capital assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Immediate cash needs are met with resources deposited at the College's bank. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and cash in banks, including savings and money market accounts with an original maturity of 3 months or less.

At June 30, 2023, the amount of cash and cash equivalents reported on the financial statements differs from the amount on deposit with the various financial institutions because of transactions in transit and outstanding checks.

Receivables

Receivables consist primarily of amounts due from federal and state governmental entities for grants and contracts, local government entities for unremitted district mill levy collections, and student and third-party payers for student tuition and fees. The allowance for doubtful accounts for student receivables is maintained at a level which, in the administration's judgment, is sufficient to provide for possible losses in the collection of these accounts.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue relates to state grants awarded and received during the current fiscal period for classes to be expended in the following period. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Property tax receivables are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied, net of estimated refunds. All amounts are considered fully collectible.

Inventory

Inventories consist of items held for resale or exchange within the College. The bookstore inventory within the current unrestricted fund is valued at the lower of cost or market. This cost method is applied on a basis consistent with prior year.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or fair market value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. The College capitalizes all items with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more in accordance with 12-6-10 NMSA 1978, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Items on the capital asset listing that were capitalized under pervious lower thresholds can be removed from the capital asset listing. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense is incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset, as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Building	20
improvements	
Vehicles	5
Equipment and	5
furniture	
Heavy duty	12
equipment	

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not considered material and are not capitalized as part of the cost of construction.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation is accrued when incurred in the current unrestricted fund. Accrued vacation up to 240 hours is recorded at 100% of the employee hourly wage. Compensatory time is accrued at a rate of one and one-half hours for each hour of employment for which overtime compensation is required for those employees covered by the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA).

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a liability. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the statement of net position.

Revenue

Operating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of an exchange transaction, such as a) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances; b) sales and services; c) most federal, state, and local grants and contracts; and d) interest on institutional student loans.

Non-operating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions, such as a) appropriations, b) taxes, c) gifts, and d) investment income. These revenue streams are recognized under GASB Statement No. 33 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. Revenues are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

Economic Dependency

The College depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of New Mexico. Because of this dependency, the College is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

Net Position

The College's net position is classified into the following net position categories:

Net investment in capital assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, amortization, and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restricted Net Position: Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Expendable net position can be fulfilled by the actions of the College or the passage of time. Non-expendable restricted net position consists of endowment and similar type assets for which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income. All amounts for the primary government (if applicable) that are restricted in the statement of net position are considered restricted by enabling legislation. The College did not have any restricted funds as of June 30, 2023.

Unrestricted Net Position: All other categories of net position. In addition, unrestricted net position may be designated for use by management of the College. This requirement limits the area of operations for which expenditures of net position may be made, and require that unrestricted net position be designated to support future operations in these areas. The College has adopted a policy of utilizing restricted – expendable funds, when available, prior to unrestricted funds.

Budgetary Process

The College follows the requirements established by the New Mexico Higher Education Department (HED) in formulating its budgets and in exercising budgetary control. It is through the HED's policy that, when the appropriation has been made to the College, its Board can, in general, adopt an operating budget within the limits of available income.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be reappointed in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. Because the budget process in the State of New Mexico requires that the beginning cash balance be appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year, such appropriated balance is legally restricted and is therefore presented as restricted fund balance.

To amend the budget, the College requires the following order of approval: (1) College President, (2) College Board Members, (3) Commission on Higher Education, and (4) State Department of Finance and Administration.

Unexpended state appropriations do not revert to the State of New Mexico at the end of the fiscal year, and are available for expenditures to the College in subsequent years pursuant to the General Appropriation Act of 2004, Section 4, J (Higher Education).

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Control. Total expenditures or transfers may not exceed the amount shown in the approved budget. Expenditures used as the items of budgetary control are as follows: (1) unrestricted and restricted expenditures are considered separately; (2) total expenditures in instruction and general; (3) total expenditures of each budget function in current funds other than instruction and general; and (4) within the plant funds budget, the items of budgetary control are major projects, equipment bonds, minor capital outlay, and renewals and replacements.

Budgets are adopted on a basis of accounting that is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The purpose of the Budget Comparison is to reconcile the change in net position as reported on a budgetary basis to the change in net position as reported using generally accepted accounting principles. The reporting of actuals (budgetary basis) is a non-GAAP accounting method that excludes depreciation expense and includes the cost of capital equipment purchases.

Income Tax Status

The College, as an instrumentality of the State of New Mexico, is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 115(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. Contributions to the College are deductible by donors as provided under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and consistent with the provisions under Section 5019(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Property Tax Calendar

Property Taxes attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. The taxes are levied each year on July 1 based on the assessed value of property listed on the previous January 1, and are due in two payments by November 10th and April 10th. The taxable valuations for the various classes of property are determined by San Miguel, Guadalupe, Mora, Colfax, and Union County Assessors. Property taxes uncollected after May 10th are considered delinquent.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Educational Retirement Plan (ERP) and additions to/deductions from ERP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) and additions to and deductions from NMRHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NMRHCA. For this purpose, NMRHCA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a use of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as outflows of resources in future periods.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding deferred inflow of resources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Tax Abatements

As of June 30, 2023 there were no tax abatements that would affect the College.

NOTE 2. CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the investment of College funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. All invested funds of the College properly followed State investment requirements as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 2. CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest-bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the College. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or collateralized as required by statute. The financial institution must provide pledged collateral for 50% of the deposit amount in excess of the deposit insurance.

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits, and negotiable order or withdrawal (NOW) accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. The College does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following state statutes as set forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). As of June 30, \$6,681,728 of the College's bank balances of \$12,869,459 were exposed to custodial credit risk. None of the College's deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized at June 30, 2023.

	Southwest Capital Bank	Community 1 st Bank	Total
Total amount of deposit FDIC coverage Total uninsured public	\$ 1,560,605 (250,000)	11,308,855 (250,000)	12,869,459 (500,000)
funds	1,310,605	11,058,855	12,369,459
Collateral requirement (50% of uninsured public funds)	655,303	5,529,428	6,184,731
Pledged securities held by the pledging institution or by its trust department or agent other than Luna			
Community College Over collateralized	\$ 666,000 10,697	8,838,205 3,308,778	9,504,205 3,319,475

NOTE 2. CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position:

Deposits	\$ 12,869,459
Petty cash	1,785
Reconciling items	(902,327)
Cash and cash equivalents per the statement of net position	\$ 11,968,917

The collateral pledged is listed on page 55 of this report.

Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

The following table provides information concerning the custodial credit risk assumed by the Foundation at year-end. Actual bank balances are shown because they reflect the current relationship between the deposits and corresponding collateral. The source of the Foundation's cash does not meet the definition of public monies. Therefore, the Foundation does not require collateralization.

		Federally Insured	Insured and Collateralized	Uninsured and Uncollateralized	Total Depository Balance
Demand Deposits					
Community First Bank Southwest Capital	\$	250,000	-	10,521	260,521
Bank		113,356			113,356
Total demand deposits	\$	363,356		10,521	373,877
Certificates of Deposit	_				
Community First Bank Southwest Capital	\$	250,000	-	-	141,031
Bank		250,000		233,917	483,917_
Total certificates of deposit	\$	500,000		233,917	624,948

NOTE 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The College's accounts receivable at June 30, 2023 represent revenues earned from student tuition and fees, loans, local tax levy, federal government grants and contracts, and State of New Mexico agencies that include pass through federal and state grants. All amounts are expected to be collected, however, an allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established for student accounts judged to be uncollectible due to the age of the receivables. A schedule of receivables and allowance for uncollectible accounts is as follows for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Student accounts receivable Less: allowance for uncollectible	\$ 1,042,200
accounts	(962,498)
Student accounts receivable, net	\$ 79,702
Property tax receivables	\$ 670,872
Federal and state grant receivable	1,324,505
Other receivables	33,974
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ 2,029,351

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table summarizes the changes in the College's capital assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Land and construction in progress are not subject to depreciation expense.

	June 30, 2022	Additions	Transfers & Deletions	June 30, 2023
Capital assets not				
being depreciated: Land	\$ 2,322,079	-	-	2,322,079
Construction in progress		933,675		933,675
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	2,322,079	933,675		3,255,754
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings Building	33,240,831	10,360	-	33,251,190
improvements Equipment and	12,382,877	-	-	12,382,877
furniture	2,668,591	182,058	-	2,850,649
Automobiles	870,379	307,515		1,177,894
Total capital assets being depreciated	49,162,678	499,933		49,662,610
Less accumulated				
depreciation: Buildings Building	(22,909,588)	(674,851)	-	(23,584,439)
improvements Equipment and	(5,326,455)	(337,451)	-	(5,663,906)
furniture	(2,313,139)	(127,980)	-	(2,441,119)
Automobiles	(724,552)	(61,807)		(786,359)
Total accumulated depreciation	(31,273,734)	(1,202,089)		(32,475,823)
Capital assets, net	\$ 20,211,023	231,519		20,442,542

Depreciation expense for the year totaled \$1,202,089.

NOTE 5. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated unpaid vacation is accrued when incurred. Employees entitled to earn vacation pay earn it at various rates based on length of employment. Up to 240 hours of vacation may be accrued and paid out upon termination. Sick leave is not paid out upon termination; accordingly, no liability for sick leave is recorded by the College. The College had a liability for accrued vacation as of June 30, 2023 as follows:

					Due
	June			June	Within
	30,			30,	One
	2022	Additions	Deletions	2023	Year
Compensated					
absences	\$ 263,419	205,976	(204,683)	264,712	45,001

NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN - EDUCATION RETIREMENT BOARD

Plan description – The New Mexico Educational Retirement Act (ERA) was enacted in 1957. The act created the Educational Employees Retirement Plan (Plan) and, to administer it, the New Mexico Educational Retirement Board (NMERB). The Plan is included in NMERB's comprehensive annual financial report. The report can be found on NMERB's Web site at https://www.nmerb.org/Annual_reports.html.

The Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer pension plan established to provide retirement and disability benefits for certified teachers and other employees of the state's public schools, institutions of higher learning, and state agencies providing educational programs. Additional tenets of the ERA can be found in Section 22-11-1 through 22-11-52, NMSA 1978, as amended.

The Plan is a pension trust fund of the State of New Mexico. The ERA assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board); the state legislature has the authority to set or amend contribution rates and other terms of the Plan. NMERB is self-funded through investment income and educational employer contributions. The Plan does not receive General Fund Appropriations from the State of New Mexico.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN - EDUCATION RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

All accumulated assets are held by the Plan in trust to pay benefits, including refunds of contributions as defined in the terms of the Plan. Eligibility for membership in the Plan is a condition of employment, as defined in Section 22-11-2, NMSA 1978. Employees of public schools, universities, junior and community colleges, public technical and vocational institutions, state special schools, charter schools, regional education cooperatives, the New Mexico Activities Association, and certain employees at state agencies that provide an educational program, who are employed more than 25% of a full-time equivalency, are required to be members of the Plan, unless specifically excluded.

Pension Benefit – A member's retirement benefit is determined by a formula which includes three component parts: 1) the member's final average salary (FAS), 2) the number of years of service credit, and 3) a multiplier.

For members hired on or before June 30, 2019 (Tiers 1-3 members) the multiplier is 2.35%. For members hired after June 30, 2019 the multiplier accrues as follows:

Years of Service	Benefit Percentage		
	Earned		
10 or less	1.35%		
10.25 to 20	2.35%		
20.25 to 30	3.35%		
30.25 plus	2.40%		

FAS is the average of the member's fiscal annual earnings for the last 20 calendar service quarters (60 months) prior to retirement or the highest average fiscal annual earning for any 20 consecutive calendar quarters.

Summary of Plan Provisions for Retirement Eligibility by Tier -

Tier 1: Membership prior to July 1, 2010

For members employed before July 1, 2010, a member is eligible to retire when one of the following events occurs:

- The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 75 or more,
- The member is at least sixty-five years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit, or
- The member has service credit totaling 25 years or more.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN - EDUCATION RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Tier 2: Membership on or after July 1, 2010, but prior to July 1, 2013

Chapter 288, Laws of 2009 changed the eligibility requirements for new members who were first employed on or after July 1, 2010, but before July 1, 2013 — or before July 1, 2010, terminated employment, subsequently withdrew all contributions, and then becomes re-employed after July 1, 2010. These members must meet one of the following requirements.

- The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more,
- The member is at least sixty-seven years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit, or
- The member has service credit totaling 30 years or more.

Tier 3: Membership beginning on or after July 1, 2013

Section 2-11-23.2, NMSA 1978, added eligibility requirements for new members who were first employed on or after July 1, 2013 — or who were employed before July 1, 2013 but terminated employment and subsequently withdrew all contributions, and returned to work for an ERB employer on or after July 1, 2013. These members must meet one of the following requirements:

- The member's minimum age is 55, and has earned 30 or more years of service credit. (Those who retire earlier than age 55, but with 30 years of earned service credit will have a reduction in benefits to the actuarial equivalent of retiring at age 55.)
- The member's minimum age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more. (Those who retire under the age of 65, and who have fewer than 30 years of earned service credit receive reduced retirement benefits.)
- Or, the member's age is 67, and the member has earned 5 or more years of service credit.

Tier 4: Membership beginning on or after July 1, 2019

 Section 2-11-23.3, NMSA 1978, added eligibility requirements for new members who were first employed on or after July 1, 2019 — and had, before that date, been refunded all member contributions and had not restored all refunded contributions and interest before July 1, 2019. A member in this tier must meet one of the following requirements.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN - EDUCATION RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

- The member's minimum age must be 58, and the member has earned 30 or more years of service credit. (A member who retires earlier than age 58, receives a reduction in benefits equal to the actuarial equivalent of retiring at age 58.)
- The member's minimum age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more. (Those who retire under the age of 65, and who have fewer than 30 year of earned service credit, receive reduced retirement benefits.)
- Or, the member's age is 67, and the member has earned 5 or more year of service credit.

Forms of Payment – The benefit is paid as a monthly life annuity with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary.

Benefit Options – The Plan has three benefit options available.

- **Option A Straight Life Benefit** The single life annuity option has no reductions to the monthly benefit, and there is no continuing benefit due to a beneficiary or estate, except the balance, if any, of member contributions plus interest less benefits paid prior to the member's death.
- Option B Joint 100% Survivor Benefit The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the same benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.
- Option C Joint 50% Survivor Benefit The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the reduced 50% benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN - EDUCATION RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Disability Benefit – An NMERB member is eligible for disability benefits if they have acquired at least ten years of earned service credit and is found totally disabled. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of the member's Final Average Salary (FAS) multiplied by the number of years of total service credits. However, the disability benefit shall not be less than the smaller of (a) one-third of the member's FAS or (b) 2% of the member's FAS multiplied by total years of service credit projected to age 60.

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) – All retired members and beneficiaries receiving benefits receive an adjustment in their benefit on July 1 following the year a member retires or July 1 following the year a member reaches the age below, whichever is later.

Membership	_Age Eligible for Cola_
Tier 1	65
Tier 2	65
Tier 3	67
Tier 4	67

If a member is eligible for a COLA, the amount depends on the annual change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and whether the fund is fully funded (that is, the fund's funded ratio is 100%). Accordingly, if there is no increase in the CPI, or the CPI is negative, the amount of the COLA will be zero (if the CPI is negative, retirement benefits will not be decreased).

When CPI has increased and the fund is fully funded, the COLA will be the same amount as the increase in the CPI except as follows: If the increase in the CPI is 2% or greater, the COLA will be one-half of the CPI increase, not to exceed 4% or to be less than 2%.

However, while the fund is not fully funded, the COLA for retires will be reduced based on the median annual retirement benefit, calculated after the end of each fiscal year:

- When the funded ratio is 90% or less, the COLA for retires whose annuity is at
 or below the median and who have 25 or more years of service credit at
 retirement will be reduced by 10%. For retires whose annuity is either greater
 than the median or who have less than 25 years of service credit at retirement,
 the COLA will be reduced by 20%.
- When the funded ratio exceeds 90% but is less than 100%, the COLA for retirees whose annuity is at or below the median adjusted annuity and who had 25 or more years of service credit at retirement and will be reduced by 5%. For retires whose annuity is either greater than the median or who have less than 25 years of service credit at retirement, the COLA will be reduced by 10%.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN - EDUCATION RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Members on disability retirement are entitled to a COLA commencing on July 1 of the third full year following disability retirement. A member on regular retirement who can prove retirement because of a disability may qualify for a COLA beginning July 1 in the third full year of retirement.

Refund of Contributions – Members may withdraw their contributions only when they terminate covered employment in the State and their former employer(s) certification determination has been received by NMERB. Interest is paid to members when they withdraw their contributions following termination of employment at a rate set by the Board. Interest is not earned on contributions credited to accounts prior to July 1, 1971, or for contributions held for less than one year.

Contributions – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 educational employers contributed to the Plan based on the following rate schedule.

Fiscal	Date	Wage	Member	Employer	Combined	Increase over Prior Year
Year	Range	Category	Rate	Rate	Rate	real
2023	7/1/22 to 6/30/23	Over \$24K	10.70%	17.15%	27.85%	2.00%
2023	7/1/22 to 6/30/23	\$24K or less	7.90%	17.15%	25.05%	2.00%
2022	7/1/21 to 6/30/22	Over \$24K	10.70%	15.15%	25.85%	1.00%
2022	7/1/21 to 6/30/22	\$24K or less	7.90%	15.15%	23.05%	1.00%

The contribution requirements are established in statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the New Mexico Legislature. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the College paid employee and employer contributions of \$1,562,106 and \$1,311,303, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN - EDUCATION RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2023, the College reported a liability of \$12,890,272 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2022 using generally accepted actuarial principles. There were no significant events or changes in benefits provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2022.

The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the College's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating educational institutions at June 30, 2022, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the College's proportions was .15306%, which was a decrease of .02439% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized pension income of \$600,918. At June 30, 2023, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 462,604	210,550
Changes in assumptions	2,171,360	7,163,379
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	294,407
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	2,715,080
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	997,851	
Total	\$ 3,631,815	10,383,416

NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN - EDUCATION RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

\$997,851 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June	
30:	
2023	\$ (4,348,649)
2024	(3,085,928)
2025	(763,305)
2026	448,430
2027	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions. Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Plan's Board of Trustees, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. On April 17, 2020, the Board adopted the new assumptions presented in the 2020 Actuarial Experience Study.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.00% composed of 2.30% inflation, plus a 0.70% productivity increase rate, plus a step-rate promotional increase for members with less than 5 years of service.
Investment rate of return	7.00% compounded annually, net of expenses. This is made up of a 2.30% inflation rate and a 4.70% real rate of return.
Mortality	Healthy males: Based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with White Collar adjustments, no set back, generational mortality improvements with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2000.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN - EDUCATION RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Healthy females: Based on GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year, generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach that includes the following:

- Rate of return projections that are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuations, defaults, etc.)
- Application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.)
- Structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.) developed for each major asset class.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long- Term Expected Rate of Return
Equities	24%	
Fixed income	23%	
Alternative	52%	
Cash	1%	
Total	100%	7.00%

Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022. This is the same rate used for June 30,2021. The 7.00% single discount rate was based on a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The projections of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN - EDUCATION RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	De (6		Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)	
College's proportionate share of	-				
the net pension liability	\$	17,478,132	12,890,272	9,098,471	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NMERB's financial reports. The reports can be found on NMERB's web site at www.nmerb.org/Annual_reports.

Payables to the pension plan. The College did not accrue any payables for the pension plan at June 30, 2023. All 10-month teacher contracts for the school year are paid by fiscal year end.

NOTE 7. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Plan Description - Employees for the College are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund) - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statues Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

NOTE 7. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided – The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2022, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plan membership	
Current retirees and surviving	
spouses	53,092
Inactive and eligible for deferred	
benefit	11,759
Current active members	92,520
	157,371
Active membership	
State general	18,691
State police and corrections	1,919
Municipal general	20,357
Municipal police	1,573
Municipal fire	756
Educational Retirement Board	49,224
	92,520

Contributions – Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statue and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the College were \$115,797 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 7. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - At June 30, 2023, the College reported a liability of \$2,334,236 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The College's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2022, the College's proportion was 0.10098 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized OPEB income of \$704,449. At June 30, 2023 the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources
	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 38,825	345,983
Changes in assumptions	498,071	1,730,343
Changes in proportion	137,630	1,163,700
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	32,187	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	115,797	
Total	\$ 822,510	3,240,026

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$115,797 represent College contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTE 7. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Year ended June 30: 2024 \$ (681,163) 2025 (575,535) 2026 (491,651) 2027 (497,356)

> 2028 (287,608) Total \$ (2,533,313)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date June 30, 2021

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal, level percent of pay, calculated on

individual employee basis

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Inflation 2.30% for ERB members; 2.50% for

PERA members

Projected payroll increases 3.25% to 13.00%, based on years of service,

including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and

margin for adverse deviation including inflation.

Health care cost trend rate 8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-

Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 years for Medicare medical plan

costs

Mortality ERB members: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher

Mortality Table, set back one year (and scaled at 95% for males). Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020. PERA members: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Blue Collar Annuitant Mortality, set forward one year for females, projected generationally with Scale MP-

2017 times 60%.

NOTE 7. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation, and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Long-Term Rate of Return
U.S. core fixed income	0.4%
U.S. equity – large cap	6.6%
Non U.S. – emerging markets	9.2%
Non U.S. – developed equities	7.3%
Private equity	10.6%
Credit and structured finance	3.1%
Real estate	3.7%
Absolute return	2.5%
U.S. equity – small/mid cap	6.6%

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 5.42% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2059. The 7.00% discount rate, which includes the assumed inflation rate of 2.30% for ERB members and 2.5% for PERA member, was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2052. Beyond 2059, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (3.54%) was applied. Thus, 5.42% is the blended discount rate.

NOTE 7. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.42 percent) or 1-percentage-pont higher (6.42 percent) than the current discount rate:

1% Decrease (4.42%)	Current Discount Rate (5.42%)	1% Increase (6.42%)
\$ 2,904,814	2,334,236	1,879,316

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

1% Decrease	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase
\$ 1,870,331	2,334,236	2,729,605

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Payables changes in the net OPEB liability. The College remits the legally required employer and employee contributions on a monthly basis to NMRHCA. At June 30, 2023, the College has remitted all contributions withheld in the month of June 2023.

NOTE 8. GROUP INSURANCE

The College participates in the State of New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority group health insurance plan. The Authority's two primary insurance underwriters are Blue Cross/Blue Shield of New Mexico and Presbyterian. The plan covers all full-time employees of the College who choose to participate in the plan. The College pays premiums under the plan and employees contribute based on percentage splits established by 10-7-4 NMSA 1978 for public employees.

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The College currently is party to various litigation and other claims in the ordinary course of business. The College has property, liability, and workers compensation insurance coverage with New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Company. The College believes that the outcome of all pending and threatened litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or operations of the College. Federal grants received by the College are subject to audit by the grantors. In the event of noncompliance with funding requirements, grants may be required to be refunded to the grantor. College management estimates that such refunds, if any, will not be significant.

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The College is liable or contingently liable in connection with certain claims, which arise in the normal course of business. It is the opinion of the College's management that uninsured losses resulting from these claims would not be material to the College's financial position. Federal grants received by the College are subject to audit by the grantors. In the event of noncompliance with funding requirements, grants may be required to be refunded to the grantor. College management estimates that such refunds, if any, will not be significant.

There were no commitments or obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 11. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of certain information concerning individual funds including:

Deficit equity. The College does not maintain a deficit equity position.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations. The College is not aware of any expenses in excess of budgetary authority.

Designated cash appropriation in excess of available balances. The College is not aware of any designated cash appropriations in excess of available balances.

NOTE 12. CONCENTRATIONS

The College depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of New Mexico. Because of this dependency, the College is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The date to which events occurring after June 30, 2023, have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosures is June 10, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 14. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, to be implemented for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). A PPP is an arrangement in which a government contracts with an operator to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital assets, for a period of time in exchange or exchange-like transactions. The implementation of this Statement had no effect on the College's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. GASB No. 96 defines a SBITA (subscription-based information technology arrangements); establishes that a SBITA results in a right to- use subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability; provides that capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payment including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The implementation of this Statement had no effect on the College's financial statements.

In April 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, with multiple effective dates as follows; (1) extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 24, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and 63 are effective upon issuance. (2) The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. (3) The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of this Statement had no effect on the College's financial statements.

NOTE 15. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued but are not yet effective as of June 30, 2023.

<u>GASB Statement No. 100</u>, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

The College will implement the new GASB pronouncements in the fiscal year no later than the required effective date. The College believes that the above listed new GASB pronouncements will not have a significant financial impact to the College or in issuing its financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF THE COLLEGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2023

Pension Liability For Last 10 Fiscal Years*

						30-Jun				
Fiscal Yea	ar 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Measurement Dat	e 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
College's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.15306%	0.17745%	0.18974%	0.20750%	0.19626%	0.19483%	0.21608%	0.21326%	0.21465%	0.21465%
College's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 12,890,272	12,576,710	38,452,499	15,722,903	23,337,926	21,652,370	15,550,054	13,813,418	12,247,344	13,448,784
College's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,727,395	5,186,881	5,687,451	6,022,101	5,483,835	5,550,668	5,882,681	5,916,574	5,916,574	5,823,000
College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll										
	225.06%	242.47%	676.09%	261.09%	425.58%	390.09%	264.34%	233.47%	207.00%	230.96%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	64.87%	69.77%	39.11%	64.13%	52.17%	52.95%	61.58%	63.97%	66.54%	61.89%

^{*}Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the College is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requiremnts became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF THE COLLEGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Contractually Required Contribution	\$	2023 977,851	2022 784,590	2021 804,682	2020 857,960	2019 837,072	2018 762,253	2017 771,543	2016 842,639	2015 778,030	2014 641,917
Contributions in Relation to the Contractua Required Contribution	illy –	(977,851)	(784,590)	(804,682)	(857,960)	(837,072)	(762,253)	(771,543)	(842,639)	(778,030)	(641,917)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)*	\$_	-					<u>-</u>		-		

^{*}Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the College is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF THE College'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY June 30, 2023

New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority For Last 10 Fiscal Years*

					30-	-Jun	
	Fiscal Year	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
College's Proportion of the Net OPEB liability (Asset)	Measurement Date	2022 0.100979%	2021 0.117610%	2020 0.125450%	2019 0.137000%	2018 0.128420%	2017 0.129450%
College's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	2,334,236	3,869,780	5,267,530	4,444,342	5,584,157	5,866,251
College's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	4,791,576	5,426,812	5,391,987	6,049,700	5,483,835	5,550,668
College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll		48.72%	71.31%	97.69%	73.46%	101.83%	105.69%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liabilit	У	33.33%	25.39%	16.50%	18.92%	13.14%	11.34%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the College will present information for available years.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF COOPERATIVE CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2023

New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority Last Ten Fiscal Years*

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	115,797	109,409	113,599	121,060	120,994	109,676
Contributions in Relation to the	_	115,797	109,409	113,599	121,060	120,994	109,676
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	-					
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,787,833	5,470,450	5,679,944	6,053,170	6,049,700	5,483,835
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Cooperative will present information for available years.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Changes in ERB benefit provisions. There were no modifications to the benefit provisions that were reflected in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Changes in ERB assumptions and methods. Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Board of Trustee, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 21, 2020, in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2019. No changes have been made to the assumptions since the prior valuation.

Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). In the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation and the total OPEB liability measured as of June 30, 2022, changes in assumptions include adjustments resulting from an increase in the discount rate from 3.62% to 5.42%.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE COMBINED REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET COMPARISON UNRESTRICTED AND RESTRICTED - ALL OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Variance with
		Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget-
				Actual	Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Beginning net positions	\$.	255,370	767,676	6,770,647	6,002,971
Revenues					
State government appropriations		9,580,486	12,452,406	9,071,594	(3,380,812)
Local Appropriations		2,255,000	2,255,000	1,628,674	(626,326)
Federal contracts and grants		344,920	5,470,613	2,384,684	(3,085,929)
State contracts and grants		858,089	2,595,121	1,680,317	(914,804)
Tuition and fees		846,645	848,645	952,080	103,435
Private gifts, grants and contracts		416,000	207,066	181,194	(25,872)
Other sources		427,634	5,345,494	669,281	(4,676,213)
Total revenues		14,728,774	29,174,345	16,567,824	(12,606,521)
Expenditures					
Instruction		4,721,207	5,950,810	4,456,217	1,494,593
Academic support		900,265	1,139,760	916,859	222,901
Student services		1,645,476	2,234,305	1,734,185	500,120
Institutional support		3,091,362	4,743,119	2,706,871	2,036,248
Operation and maintenance of plant		2,125,482	2,589,268	2,159,991	429,277
Total instruction and general		12,483,792	16,657,262	11,974,123	4,683,139
Student social and cultural activities		23,645	23,645	12,461	11,184
Public service		768,483	819,971	653,521	166,450
Internal Service Dept		-	-	-	-
Student aid, grants and stipends		844,846	4,151,184	1,810,444	2,340,740
Auxiliary services		161,687	153,475	58,101	95,374
Intercollegiate Athletics		472,629	472,629	402,855	69,774
Capital outlay		223,500	5,277,618	1,121,078	4,156,540
Renewal and replacement		919,860	998,846	197,643	801,203
Total expenditures	-	15,898,442	28,554,630	16,230,226	12,324,404
Change in net position - budgetary basis		(1,169,668)	619,715	337,598	(282,117)
Ending net position	\$	(914,298)	1,387,391	7,108,245	5,720,854
	:				

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE COMBINED REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET COMPARISON UNRESTRICTED AND RESTRICTED - ALL OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Reconciliation of Change in Fund Balance (Budgetary Basis) to Change in I	Net F	Position (GAAP Basis)
Change in fund balance (budgetary basis)	\$	337,598
Adjustments:		
Depreciation		(1,202,089)
Purchase of capital assets		1,433,608
Pension activity		1,600,081
OPEB activity		813,417
Accrued payroll and compensated absences		(49,701)
Increases/decreases in revenues		1,024,649
Increases/decreases in expenditures		(629,999)
Financial statement change in net position reconciled to budgetary basis	\$	3,327,564

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE UNRESTRICTED CURRENT FUNDSUMMARY OF INSTRUCTIONAL AND GENERAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET COMPARISON FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget-
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning net positions	\$_	(893,821)	(1,427,771)	6,770,647	8,198,418
Revenues					
State government appropriations		9,580,486	11,151,800	8,908,901	(2,242,899)
Local government appropriations		2,255,000	2,255,000	1,628,674	(626,326)
Federal contracts and grants		-	-	252,111	252,111
State contracts and grants		262,353	1,509,618	954,014	(555,604)
Tuition and fees		846,645	848,645	952,080	103,435
Gifts, grants & contracts - private		2,000	2,000	(65,834)	(67,834)
Other sources	_	327,634	5,345,494	669,281	(4,676,213)
Total revenues	_	13,274,118	21,112,557	13,299,227	(7,813,330)
Expenditures					
Instruction		4,550,752	4,571,761	4,233,141	338,620
Academic support		900,265	890,146	715,579	174,567
Student services		1,645,476	2,039,305	1,634,276	405,029
Institutional support		3,091,362	3,258,194	2,286,220	971,974
Operation and Maint of plant	-	2,125,482	2,589,268	2,159,991	429,277
Total instruction and general		12,313,337	13,348,674	11,029,207	2,319,467
Student social and cultural activities	;	23,645	23,645	12,461	11,184
Public service		114,485	170,221	133,465	36,756
Student aid, grants and stipends		48,895	48,985	6,819	42,166
Auxiliary services		161,687	153,475	58,101	95,374
Intercollegiate Athletics		472,629	472,629	402,855	69,774
Capital outlay		223,500	5,277,618	1,121,078	4,156,540
Renewal and replacement	_	919,860	998,846	197,643	801,203
Total expenditures	_	14,278,038	20,494,093	12,961,629	7,532,464
Change in net position -					
budgetary basis	_	(1,003,920)	618,464	337,598	(15,345,794)
Ending net position	\$ _	(1,897,741)	(809,307)	7,108,245	(7,147,376)

Variance with

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE
RESTRICTED CURRENT FUNDSSUMMARY OF INSTRUCTIONAL AND GENERAL
REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET COMPARISON
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Beginning net positions	\$ 	-	<u>-</u>		
Revenues					
State Appropriations	-	1,300,606	162,693	(1,137,913)	
Federal contracts and grants	344,920	5,470,613	2,132,573	(3,338,040)	
State contracts and grants	595,736	1,085,503	726,303	(359,200)	
Gifts, grants & contracts - private	414,000	205,066	247,028	41,962	
Other sources	100,000	-			
Total revenues	1,454,656	8,061,788	3,268,597	(4,793,191)	
Expenditures					
Instruction	170,455	1,379,049	223,076	1,155,973	
Academic support	-	249,614	201,280	48,334	
Student services	-	195,000	99,909	95,091	
Institutional support		1,484,925	420,651	1,064,274	
Total instruction and general	170,455	3,308,588	944,916	2,363,672	
Public Service	653,998	649,750	520,056	129,694	
Student Aid	795,951	4,102,199	1,803,625	2,298,574	
Total expenditures	1,620,404	8,060,537	3,268,597	4,791,940	
Change in net position -					
budgetary basis	(165,748)	1,251		(1,251)	
Ending net position	\$ (165,748)	1,251		(1,251)	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

College:			Southwest Capital	Community First	
Account Type	Account Name		Bank	Bank	Totals
	Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Checking*	General account	\$	1,560,605	-	1,560,605
Checking*	General account		-	10,880,435	10,880,435
Checking*	Payroll		-	329,645	329,645
Checking*	Student Activity		-	98,774	98,774
	Amount on deposit		1,560,605	11,308,854	12,869,459
	Reconciling items		-	(902,327)	(902,327)
	Total	\$	1,560,605	10,406,527	11,967,132
* Interest Bearing				Petty cash	1,785
**Non-Interest Bear	ing	To	tal cash and cas	sh equivalents \$	11,968,917
Foundation:					
XXX5701	Checking	\$	113,356	-	113,356
XXXX0455	Investment		81,073	-	81,073
XXX1761	Investment		69,531	-	69,531
XXX2862	Investment		63,181	-	63,181
XXX2859	Investment		186,574	-	186,574
XXX2054	Investment		83,558	-	83,558
CFB Helen O'Brien	Checking		-	141,031	141,031
XX890	Investment	-		260,521	260,521
Total cash, c	ash equivalents, and investmen	ts			
	Reconciling items	_			
	Total		597,273	401,552	998,825

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Southwest	Community 1st Bank	
	_	Capital Bank Las Vegas, NM	Las Vegas, NM	Total
Amount of deposits	\$	1,560,605	11,308,855	12,869,460
FDIC insurance coverage	_	(250,000)	(250,000)	(500,000)
Total uninsured public funds	_	1,310,605	11,058,855	12,369,460
Collateral requirement per section 6-10-17 NMSA				
(50% of uninsured deposits)	_	655,303	5,529,428	6,184,731
Pledged Collateral				
FHLB fixed rate note (CUSIP 3130A1XJ2) Maturity				
6/14/2024		_	2,933,399	2,933,399
PROSPER TEX INDPT SCH DIST(CUSIP 743600F29)			2,333,333	2,333,333
Maturity 2/15/2035		_	622,350	622,350
U.S. TREASURY NOTE (CUSIP 91282CAT8) Maturity			0==,000	0==,000
10/31/2025		-	2,532,554	2,532,554
U.S. TREASURY NOTE (CUSIP 91282CAU5) Maturity			, ,	, ,
10/31/2027		-	2,570,808	2,570,808
U.S. TREASURY NOTE (CUSIP 91282CCP4) Maturity				, ,
7/31/2026		-	179,094	179,094
FHLB LOC	_	666,000	<u> </u>	666,000
Total pledged collateral	_	666,000	8,838,205	9,504,205
Over collateralized	\$_	10,698	3,308,778	3,319,474

COMPLIANCE SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Jospeh M. Maestas, P.E.. New Mexico State Auditor

To the Board of Trustees Luna Community College Las Vegas, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Luna Community College (College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements and the related budgetary comparisons of the college, and have issued our report thereon dated June 10, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of finding and questions costs as item 2023-002 to be a material weakness.





A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs as item 2023-001 to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which are described in the accompanying schedule of finings and questioned costs as item 2023-003.

College's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the College's response to the findings identified in our engagement and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The College's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP Albuquerque, New Mexico

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LSP

June 10, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To Joseph M. Maestas, P.E. New Mexico State Auditor

To the Board of Trustees Luna Community College Las Vegas, New Mexico

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Luna Community College's (College) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis on Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.



We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the College's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the College's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the College's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

 Obtain an understanding of the College's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LSP

Pattillo, Brown, & Hill, L.L.P. Albuquerque, New Mexico June 10, 2025

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor or Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Award Sub Award Number	Assistant Listing Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education:			
Student Financial Assistance Cluster*			
Federal Pell Grant Program	21-22	84.063	\$ 49,521
Federal Pell Grant Program	22-23	84.063	873,185
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG)	21-22	84.007	2,737
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG)	22-23	84.007	36,071
Federal Work-Study Program (FWS)	22-23	84.033	20,507
Federal Direct Student Loans (Direct Loan)	21-22	84.268	3,558
Federal Direct Student Loans (Direct Loan)	22-23	84.268	55,914
Federal Direct Student Loans (Direct Loan)	21-22	84.268	56,502
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			1,097,995 *
. COVID-19 HEERF Institutional Portion	22-23	84.425F	392,187
COVID-19 HEERF Student Aid Portion	22-23	84.425E	327,923
AmeriCorps State and National	22-23	94.006	2,120
Passed through State of New Mexico Department of Higher Education			
Fulbright-HaysDoctoral Dissertation Research Abroad	22-23	84.022	95,327
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund Passed through NM Consortium	22-23	84.425C	24,655
Legally-directed Academic Programs, Workforce			
Development and Community Support	22-23	81.252	183,079
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,123,286
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed through the University of New Mexico			
Area Health Education Centers	3RDA1-F	93.107	107,061
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Ser	vices		107,061

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Soil and Water Conservation	22-23	10.902	18,200
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			18,200
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES		\$	2,248,547

^{*} Denotes major program

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes all federal assistance to the College that had activity during 2023 or accrued revenue at June 30, 2023. This schedule has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, the cost principles in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Revenues are recorded for financial reporting purposes when the College has met the qualifications for the respective program.

NOTE 2. CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the grantor, cannot be determined at this time, although the College expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 3. INDIRECT COST RATE

The College has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4. FEDERAL LOAN PROGRAM

The College administers the Federal Direct Loan Program (ALN 84.268). During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the College processed \$115,974 of new loans under the Federal Direct Loan Program. The amounts processed under the direct loan program are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

NOTE 5. OTHER DISCLOSURES

The College did not receive any non-cash assistance; there was no insurance in effect during the year and no federal loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Primary Government

Financial Statements

<u>Type of Auditor's report issued</u>: <u>Unmodified</u>

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material Weakness reported? Yes

Significant deficiencies reported not

considered to be material weaknesses? Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses reported?

Significant deficiencies reported not

considered to be material weaknesses?

None

Type of auditor's report issued on

compliance for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported

in accordance with Uniform Guidance?

Identification of major programs:

Student Financial Assistance Cluster – 84.063, 84.007

84.033,84.268

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

Between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2023-001 (2021-005) - Lack of Controls over Payroll (Significant Deficiency) (Repeated and Modified)

CONDITION: During our testing of payroll, it was noted that the College paid its employees prior to the pay period ending. This results in employees being paid wages prior to the services being rendered.

Management has made progress on this finding.

CRITERIA: Per NMAC 30.23.02 requires that New Mexico governmental entities shall not pay wages prior to services rendered.

EFFECT: The College is not in compliance with New Mexico State Statutes which could cause misuse of public funds.

CAUSE: The College calendar was created with pay dates occurring prior to the services being rendered as the College was unaware of the state statute.

RECOMMENDATION: The College should change the payroll calendar to ensure employees are not being paid prior to services being rendered.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: Following the identification of an error in payroll processing affecting both employees and students, the College implemented a corrective action in August 2023. This action addressed the misalignment of payment dates with service provision, ensuring that compensation is now accurately disbursed only after services have been rendered. To further enhance our payroll procedures and minimize the risk of future errors, we leverage the expertise and resources of the Collaborative for Higher Education Shared Services (CHESS). As a member institution, we benefit from CHESS's centralized payroll processing, which provides access to standardized Workday system processes and the best practices shared amongst its member colleges. This collaborative approach allows us to maintain consistently high standards in our financial management, while also benefiting from the collective knowledge and experience of our peers. We are continuously evaluating and refining our internal processes to ensure the continued accuracy and efficiency of our payroll system.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY/TIMELINE TO CORRECT: We've updated the payment schedule so that everyone gets paid after their work is completed. The Comptroller/Budget Director and the Associate Payroll Director will ensure processing and compliance runs smoothly with this new system

2023-002 (2022-004) - Financial Close and Reporting (Material Weakness) (Repeated and Modified)

CONDITION: Several account balances including cash at June 30, 2023 were not reconciled and required additional adjustments to determine the actual balance. Consistent reconciliations of account detail to the general ledger balances were not performed on a monthly basis.

Management has made progress on this finding.

CRITERIA: Sound internal controls require timely reconciliation and review of all accounts in the general ledger. In addition to providing a more accurate financial picture, timely reconciling and review provides additional controls over cash receipts and disbursements. Correcting adjustments can be identified during the reconciliation process each month. The need for a strong internal control structure extends beyond the correct processing of cash receipts and disbursements to the maintenance of the general ledger and the preparation of year-end financial statements.

EFFECT: Significant adjustments were made to properly record the correct balances for cash and other accounts, which delayed the trial balance being ready for audit. The adjustments not made during the year affect the quality of information reported to the Board.

CAUSE: The books and records of the College and Foundation experience an unexpected delay due to the Calf Canyon/Hermit Peaks Fires in 2022 and due to turnover in the finance department. These fires lead the College to be evacuated and nonoperational for a period of time.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the College implement policies and procedures to ensure that the bank accounts along with the balance sheet accounts be reconciled in a timely manner each month.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: The challenges we've faced stem primarily from persistent understaffing within the Finance Office. This limited capacity has directly impacted on our ability to perform bank reconciliations promptly and efficiently. To rectify this situation, we've undertaken several key initiatives:

Increased Staffing: We are actively recruiting and onboarding additional financial staff to bolster our team's capacity. This will allow for a more effective distribution of workload and a significant reduction in processing times. We anticipate these new hires will be fully integrated and contributing within the fiscal year.

2023-002 (2022-004) - Financial Close and Reporting (Material Weakness) (Repeated and Modified) (Continued)

Process Optimization: We're reviewing and streamlining our existing reconciliation procedures to identify and eliminate bottlenecks. This includes exploring the implementation of automated reconciliation software (Workday) to improve efficiency and accuracy.

Enhanced Training: We're providing enhanced training for our financial staff on best practices for timely and accurate reconciliations. This training will focus on improving internal controls and minimizing errors.

We understand the seriousness of these delays and the potential impact on financial reporting accuracy. We are committed to ensuring that all bank accounts and balance sheet accounts are reconciled in a timely manner, in accordance with established accounting standards and internal control guidelines.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY/TIMELINE TO CORRECT: The Interim Executive Director of Finance/CFO and Comptroller/Budget Director are the assigned College administrators to ensure the timely reconciliation of all bank and balance sheet accounts. The College is diligently working to ensure full compliance with established policies and procedures, targeting completion by October 1, 2025.

SECTION III – FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

SECTION IV – OTHER FINDINGS, AS REQUIRED BY NEW MEXICO STATE STATUTE, SECTION 12-6-5, NMSA 1978

2023-003 (2020-003) - Audit Submitted After the Statutory Deadline (Other Non-compliance) (Repeated and Modified)

CONDITION: The audit report for the College was not submitted by the statutory deadline as referenced in the criteria section.

Management has not made progress on this finding.

CRITERIA: Pursuant to 2.2.2 (F) (8) NMAC, audits of higher education agencies are required to be submitted to the Office of the State Auditor no later than November 1 for the corresponding year end.

EFFECT: The auditor was not provided complete and timely information to allow for adequate audit procedures to be conducted prior to submission date.

CAUSE: The books and records of the College and Foundation experience an unexpected delay due to the Calf Canyon/Hermit Peaks Fires in 2022. These fires lead the College to be evacuated and nonoperational for a period of time. Subsequently after the College and Foundation were allowed to resume operations the College experienced a high number of turnover of staff leading to further delay in preparation and submission of accounting records for the 2023 audit.

RECOMMENDATION: The College should develop policies and procedures to ensure that there are timely reconciliations being performed throughout the year to ensure that the trial balance is ready for audit shortly after year end.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: The significant turnover within senior financial leadership, most notably the vacancy in the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) position, has unfortunately disrupted our established financial procedures. To mitigate these challenges and ensure a prompt return to efficient operations, we have implemented a comprehensive three-pronged strategy:

Firstly, a rigorous recruitment process is underway to secure a highly qualified and experienced CFO. This process prioritizes candidates with a proven track record in financial leadership and a commitment to robust internal controls.

Secondly, we are actively expanding the Finance Office staffing complement. This increase in personnel will allow for a more thorough and timely completion of reconciliations and a strengthening of our internal control systems. The added capacity will also support the efficient onboarding of the new CFO.

2023-003 (2020-003) - Audit Submitted After the Statutory Deadline (Other Non-compliance) (Repeated and Modified) (Continued)

Thirdly, we are implementing a comprehensive program to enhance our internal controls and provide focused training for all Finance Office staff. This initiative aims to prevent future disruptions and ensure compliance with all relevant financial regulations. We are unwavering in our commitment to delivering accurate and timely financial reporting.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY/TIMELINE TO CORRECT: The Interim Executive Director of Finance/CFO and Comptroller/Budget Director, will ensure that reconciliations are performed regularly and consistently, significantly reducing the time and resources required for the audit process, preventing a last-minute rush at year-end, achieving completion by October 1, 2025

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Component Unit

Financial Statements

<u>Type of Auditor's report issued</u>: <u>Unmodified</u>

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material Weakness reported?

Significant deficiencies reported not

considered to be material weaknesses?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2023

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

Description	on	Status
2022-001	Internal Controls over Financial Reporting and Closing (Material Weakness)	Resolved
2022-002	Lack of Controls over Payroll (Significant Deficiency)	Repeated with Modifications
2022-003	Cash Disbursements (Significant Deficiency)	Resolved
2022-004	Financial Close and Reporting (Material Weakness)	Repeated with Modifications
2022-005	Return of Title IV Funds (Other Non-Compliance)	Resolved
2022-006	Audit Submitted After the Statutory Deadline (Other Noncompliance)	Repeated with Modifications
2022-007	Pledge Collateral (Other Non-compliance)	Resolved

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LUNA COMMUNITY COLLEGE EXIT CONFERENCE JUNE 30, 2023

An exit conference was held on June 10, 2025, with the following in attendance:

Luna Community College

Dr. Phyllis Martinez LCC Board of Trustees, Chairwoman

Mark Dominguez LCC Board of Trustees Kenneth Martinez LCC Board of Trustees Dr. Carol Linder Interim President

Dr. Loretta Martinez Interim Chief Financial Officer

Carolyn Chavez HR Director

Sharrise Arellanes Budget Administrator Kristine Jaramillo LCC Foundation

Seth Schader Financial Aid (Attain Consultant)
Jessika Smith Financial Aid (Attain Consultant)

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP

Chris Garner, CPA Partner